MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 -- CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME Pitco Filter Aid

PRODUCT CODE

ISSUE DATE 02-18-06

DISTRIBUTOR: STREET ADDRESS CITY, STATE, ZIP Pitco Frialator PO Box 501 Concord, NH 03302-0501

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Transportation:(800)424-9300 ** For spill, leak, fire or transport accident emergencies.

Product Information: (617) 344-8688

SECTION 2 -- COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS EXPOSURE LIMITS COMPONENT CAS No. NIOSH REL % by wt. OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV Diatomaceous Earth, Flux-68855-54-9 As Silica(Crystaline) As Silica(Crystaline) 100 None Respirable Dust Respirable Dust Calcined 0.05ma/m3 0.05ma/m3 Crystaline silica 14464-46-1 35-50% 0.05mg/m3 0.05mg/m3 None

SECTION 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW	Eye irritant. Contains crystalline silica dust. Breathing crystalline silica dust over a prolonged period of time in excess of the permissible exposure limit can cause silicosis, a lung disease which is often progressive and disabling and on rare occasions fatal.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS	
INGESTION	Short term exposure not considered harmful.
INHALATION	Acute inhalation can cause dryness of the nasal passages and congestion of the upper respiratory tract.
EYE CONTACT	May cause irritation or inflammation.
SKIN CONTACT	May cause dryness.

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SECTION 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

INGESTION	Drink generous amounts of water to reduce bulk and drying effects. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get Medical Attention.
INHALATION	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Call a physician.
EYE CONTACT	Immediately flush eye with plenty of cool, running water. Remove contact lenses if applicable, and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.
SKIN CONTACT	Wash with soap and water. Use moisture renewing lotions if dryness occurs.
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN	Medical Conditions Aggravated By exposure: Pre-existing diseases of the upper respiratory tract and lung such as bronchitis, emphysema, and asthma.

SECTION 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT/METHOD	None	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	Not flammable or combustible
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	n/ap		
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES	Not Applicable		
FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS	Not Applicable		

SECTION 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

RESPONSE	Vacuum clean spillage, wet sweep or wash away. Avoid creating dust.
TO SPILLS	

SECTION 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS	Avoid creating dust. Repair or properly dispose of broken bags.
STORAGE PRECAUTIONS	Store in a cool dry place.

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SECTION 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

HYGIENIC PRACTICES	Normal procedures for good hygiene.
ENGINEERING CONTROLS	Local – Control within recommended TLV/PEL. Refer to ACGIH publication *Industrial Ventilation" or similar publications for design of ventilation systems.

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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

	RESPIRATOR	Bureau of mines or NIOSH approved respirators for protection against pneumoconiosis producing dusts recommended when dust is present.
Х	GOGGLES / FACE SHIELD	Goggles to protect against dust.
Х	APRON	
Х	GLOVES	Not necessary
Х	BOOTS	Not necessary

SECTION 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE	Odorless, light pink to white powder.	BOILING POINT	Not applicable
ODOR	Odorless	FREEZING POINT	Not applicable
рН	10 (10% slurry)	VAPOR PRESSURE	Not applicable
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	2.3	VAPOR DENSITY	Not applicable
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	<2%	EVAPORATION RATE	Not applicable

SECTION 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY		STABLE	Х		UNSTABLE		
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Avoid creating du	ust.					
INCOMPATIBILITY	Incompatible with Violently with Hy	n Hydroflouric acio drofluoric Acid.	l. Proc	lucts containi	ng Silica may read	ct	
HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS OF DECOMPOSITION	Not Applicable						
POLYMERIZATION		WILL NOT OCC	UR	Х	MAY OCCUR		
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Not applicable						

SECTION 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CARCINOGENICITY

	THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A KNOWN OR SUSPECTED CARCINOGEN
Х	THIS PRODUCT DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY KNOWN OR ANTICIPATED CARCINOGENS ACCORDING TO
	THE CRITERIA OF THE NTP ANNUAL REPORT ON CARCINOGENS AND OSHA 29 CFR 1910, Z

OTHER EFFECTS

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SECTION 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

BIODEGRADABILITY		CONSIDERED BIODEGRADABLE		NOT BIODEGRADABLE	х
BOD / COD VALUE	Not es	tablished			
ECOTOXICITY No da		a available			

SECTION 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD	Non- Biodegradable. Use solid waste disposal common to landfill type operations or in slurry to sumps. Not considered a hazardous waste under RCRA (40CFR Part 261)				ry to		
RCRA CLASSIFICATION	Non-hazardous						
RECYCLE CONTAINER		YES		CODE		NO	

SECTION 14 -- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT CLASSIFICATION	HAZARDOUS			NOT HAZARDOUS	Х
DESCRIPTION	Not applicable				

SECTION 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

REGULATORY STATUS

	EPA REGISTERED (UNDER FIFRA)	
	FDA REGULATED	
Х	KOSHER	
	SARA TITLE III MATERIAL	
	USDA AUTHORIZED	

SECTION 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA CLASSIFICATION

1	BLUE	HEALTH HAZARD
0	RED	FLAMMABILITY
0	YELLOW	REACTIVITY
	WHITE	SPECIAL HAZARD

Information contained in this MSDS refers only to the specific material designated and does not relate to any process or use involving other materials. This information is based on data believed to be reliable, and the Product is intended to be used in a manner that is customary and reasonably foreseeable. Since actual use and handling are beyond our control, no warranty,

express or implied, is made and no liability is assumed by Alpha Chemical Services, Inc., in connection with the use of this information.

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EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE TO PRODUCT

Inhalation of crystalline silica dust in excess of the Threshold Limit Value (TLV) Recommended by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) or in excess of the Permissible Exposure limit (PEL) established by OSHA over an extended number of years may cause silicosis, a progressive sometimes fatal lung disease. Although silicosis is a non-cancerous lung disease, the recent study (October 1992) conducted by the University of Washington on certain diatomite workers indicates that exposure to high concentrations of crystalline silica for many years may increase the potential risk of developing lung cancer. The study also reports that for workers hired since 1960, no increase in lung cancer mortality risk was found. Consequently, maintenance of crystalline silica dust concentrations at or below levels specified by occupational standard setting agencies will minimize, if not eliminate, any potential risk of NMRD or ling cancer.

IARC – Class 2A ("Probably carcinogenic to humans")

NTP - "Silica, crystalline (respirable)" "reasonably anticipated to be a carcinogen"

OSHA - has not classified crystalline silica as a carcinogen