MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

This form may be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. To be valid all information required by 1910.1200(g) of the Standard must appear on this form. Consult the Standard for specific requirements. Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that. Quick Name Identifier/Common Name: Butane Fuel

UPC/SKU : M0003 Series

SECTION 1 – CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION		
Manufactured For:	24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number:	
Candle Lamp Company	1-800-255-3924 or 1-813-977-3668 (Collect Calls Accepted)	
1815 Rustin Avenue		
Riverside, CA 92507	Information Telephone Number: 1-951-682-9600	
	Date Prepared: 09/20/2011	
General or Generic Name: Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) (Mixture of n-butane, iso-butane and propane)		

SECTION 2- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Trade Name	CAS #	Concentration (mol %)	Exposure Limits/ Health Hazards
Propane	74-98-6	0-5	1000ppm 8-hour TWA (OSHA)
			Simple Asphyxiant (ACGIH)
Iso-Butane	75-28-5	20-40	800ppm 8-hour TWA (OSHA)
			800ppm 8-hour TWA (ACGIH)
n-Butane	106-97-8	55-80	800ppm 8-hour
			TWA (ACGIH)

SECTION 3 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Extremely flammable - readily forms explosive air-vapor mixtures at ambient temperature (in concentrations ranging from 1.8% to 9.5%, approximately). Vapor is heavier than air and may travel to remote sources of ignition (e.g. along drainage systems, into basements etc.). Liquid leaks generate large volumes of flammable vapor (approximately 250: 1). Cold burns (frostbite) will result from skin/eye contact with liquid. Liquid release or vapor pressure jets present a risk of serious damage to the eyes. Abuse involving willful inhalation of very high concentrations of vapor, even for short periods, can produce unconsciousness or might prove fatal. Inhalation may cause irritation to the nose and throat, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness and drowsiness. Unconsciousness or asphyxiation may result in poorly ventilated or confined spaces.

SECTION 4 – FIR	RST AID MEASURES	
Eye	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of cool water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart while	
	flushing to rinse entire surface of eye and lids with water. Get immediate medical attention.	
Skin	In case of cold burns, immediately place affected area in warm water (41°C) and keep immersed until	
	circulation returns. Get immediate medical advice.	
Inhalation	If exposure causes drowsiness, headache, blurred vision or irritation, remove to fresh air. Keep warm	
	and at rest and seek medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and immediately	
	obtain medical assistance. While awaiting assistance, monitor pulse and breathing and administer	
	mouth to mouth resuscitation if necessary. Severe inhalation over exposure to LPG may sensitize the	
	heart to catecholamine-induced arrhythmics. Do not administer catecholamine to overexposed	
	individuals. Contact the Poisons Information Service and/or seek further medical advice.	
Ingestion	N/A	
Advice to Doctor	Severe inhalation, overexposure to this material may sensitize the heart to catecholamine-induced	
	arrhythmias. Do not administer catecholamine to overexposed individuals. Contact a Poison Control	
	Center for further treatment information.	

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Ignition Temperature	Not determined	
Flammable Limits (% by volume)	1.8% (lower) – 9.5% (upper)	
Flash Point °F	-60 °C (ABEL)	
Fire Extinguishing Agents	Do not extinguish flame because of possibility of explosive reignition. Shut off source of fuel if possible, and allow fire to burn out. Use water fog to cool fire-exposed surfaces. Extinguish small residual fires with dry chemical or carbon dioxide.	
Explosion Hazards	Explosive air-vapor mixtures may from. Vapors may travel, be ignited at remote locations and flash back. Containers may explode in fire. Full body flame-resistant clothing and/or turn-out gear recommended for persons attempting leak or spill control and for fire-fighting.	
NFPA Rating: 0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme	Health – 1, Flammability – 4, Reactivity – 0	

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

In case of	Shut off flow of gas if possible. Eliminate all sources of ignition, including internal combustion engines. De-
Spill	energize electrical equipment and systems. Isolate area and keep people away. Stay upwind and warn of possible
	downwind explosion hazard. Use supplied-air respirator and protective clothing as discussed in this MSDS. Water
	spray may be effective in dispersing vapors.

SECTION	7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling	Follow instructing indicated on the container. Use only in a well ventilated area. DO NOT SMOKE. Use only with appliances recommended on the container label. Always use with containers in an upright position. In workshops, ground equipment to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charges. Never look for a leak with a naked flame. Only soapy water should be used. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
Storage	Store in a well ventilated area, well away from all sources of heat and ignition. Do not expose containers to temperatures over 120°F (49°C). Do not store below floor level, such as a basement or cellar, for example. Store away from low-level places where gas can accumulate. Do not store in a vehicle, such as a car trunk or trailer. Heat from the sun can cause the temperature to rise to unsafe levels. Keep out of reach of children.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION		
Eyes	Avoid eye contact. The wearing of chemical safety goggles or face shied is recommended.	
Skin	Protective clothing should be worn. Petroleum resistant gloves and boots recommended. Insulated gloves required if contact with liquid-cooled product or equipment is expected.	
Inhalation	Use approved supplied air respiratory protection for cleaning large spills or upon entry into tanks, vessels or other confined spaces. Wear approved respiratory protection such as air-supplied respirator unless ventilation is adequate.	
Ventilation	Simple asphyxiants have poor warning properties and can displace air causing oxygen deficiency. Oxygen levels should be at least 19.5% in confined spaces or other work areas. Use explosion proof equipment to maintain adequate ventilation, prevent accumulation of explosive air-gas mixture, and avoid significant oxygen displacement.	
Exposure limits	ACGIH TLV for LPG is 100 ppm for a daily 8 hour exposure	

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL DATA AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES					
Item	Measurement environment	Propane	iso-butane	n-butane	Unit
Molar Mass	N/A	0.044097	0.058124	0.058124	Kg
Specific Volume	@ 21.1°C 101.325 kPa	530.6	405.8	399.5	d ^{m³} /kg
Absolute Density	Gas @ 101.325 kPa @ 20°C	1.868	2.487	2.544	kg/™³
Relative Density	Gas @ 101.325 kPa @ 20°C	1.55	2.064	2.11	
Density	Liquid @ Saturated pressure @ 25°C	0.5005	0.551	0.5788	kg/l
Vapor Pressure	@ 21.1°C; 101.325 kPa	853	310	213.7	kPa
Boiling Point	@ 101.325 kPa	-42.1	-11.7	-0.5	°C
Freezing Point	@ 101.325 kPa	N/A	-159.6	-138.4	°C
Latent Heat of Fusion	@ -159.6°C	80.142	78.195	80.23	kJ/kg
Flammable Limits in Air	N/A	2.2-9.5	1.8-8.4	1.8-8.4	%
Vapor Pressure of Portable butane gas cartridge	Mixture gas (less then 13.2bar at 50°C)	7.0	7.0	7.0	Bar

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity :	In use: Stable in normal conditions. Explodes or catches fire when exposed to heat or a source of ignition.	
Conditions to Avoid :	Heat. Strong oxidizers.	
Hazardous Reactions / decomposition products :	Combustion may produce COx, NOx, SOx, reactive hydrocarbons and irritating vapors.	

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Acute Toxicity	No information on product	
Chronic Toxicity No information available		

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Effects No specific toxicology data on this product is available.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Waste Disposal	It is the responsibility of the use of products to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets criteria for hazardous waste. Product uses, transformations, mixture and processes, may render the resulting material hazardous.
	Remarks : Do not allow to enter drains or sewers. Can cause explosion

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION	
Domestic: UN1075, Liquefied Petroleum Gas, Class 2.1	
International:	UN1075, Liquefied Petroleum Gas, Class 2.1

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION	
TSCA	All components in this product are in the TSCA inventory.
OSHA	This product is not considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29
	CFR 1910.1200)
CERCLA	Not listed in the CERCLA hazardous substance list.
SARA 302 Components:	None
SARA 304 Components:	None
SARA 313 Components:	None
International Regulations	Canada:
	EEC: EC Number not assigned
State and Local Regulations	
California Proposition 65:	Yes (Steel canister contains lead)

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

The above data is based on tests and experience, which Candle Lamp Company believes reliable and is supplied for informational purposes only. The Candle Lamp Company's products are intended for sale to industrial and commercial customers. Candle Lamp Company requests that customers inspect and test our products before use and satisfy themselves as to contents and suitability. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein may be from sources other than direct test data on the substance itself. Candle Lamp Company disclaims any liability for damage or injury which results from the use of the above data, and nothing contained therein shall constitute a guarantee, warranty (including warranty or merchantability) representation (including freedom from patent liability) by the Candle Lamp Company with respect to data, the product described, or their use for any specific purpose, even if that purpose is known to Candle Lamp Company.

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DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. DO NOT USE NEAR FIRE OR FLAME. PROTECT FROM DIRECT	
	SUNLIGHT	
WARNING:	• Valve stem may break if can is dropped and cause uncontrolled release of flammable gas.	
	• Keep cap on when not in use.	
	DO NOT REFILL	
	• Close the appliance valve.	
	• Remove the appliance form the cartridge.	
	Replace the connection seal if it is damaged or lost.	
REMARK:	• Keep out of reach of children.	
	• Do not puncture/pierce or incinerate, even after use.	
	• Do not expose to heat or store at temperature above $122^{\circ}F / 50^{\circ}C$.	
	• Keep contents at temperature above 32°F / 0°C before using.	
	• Not recommended for any other appliances.	
	• Overheating may cause release of contents form top rim of the can.	
	• Container is not refillable.	
	• Manufactured for use in portable butane gas cooker.	
	• An odorant has been added to help detect any possible leakage.	
	• Do not place a hot plate or pan over cartridge compartment cover of portable gas cooker.	
	• Follow the instructions for use supplied with the appliances.	
	• Detach container when not in use ways close burner valve before removing cylinder.	